

Příklad 6.1

Určete všechna vlastní čísla a vlastní vektory matice

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$(A - \lambda E) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} - \lambda \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} -\lambda & 0 \\ 0 & -\lambda \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1-\lambda & 1 \\ 1 & 1-\lambda \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} |A - \lambda E| &= \begin{vmatrix} 1-\lambda & 1 \\ 1 & 1-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (1-\lambda)^2 - 1 = 0 \\ &1 - 2\lambda + \lambda^2 - 1 = 0 \\ &\lambda \cdot (\lambda - 2) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \lambda_1 = 0 \\ \lambda_2 = 2 \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_1 = 0 : \quad (A - \lambda E) \cdot X &= 0 & \begin{cases} 1 \cdot x_1 + 1 \cdot x_2 = 0 \\ \cancel{1 \cdot x_1 + 1 \cdot x_2} = 0 \end{cases} & \begin{cases} x_2 = t \\ x_1 + t = 0 \\ x_1 = -t \end{cases} \\ & & & (-t, t)^T, \quad t \in \mathbb{R} - 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda_2 = 2 \quad \begin{cases} -x_1 + x_2 = 0 \\ x_1 - x_2 = 0 \end{cases} & \left(\begin{array}{cc|c} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{+} \sim \left(\begin{array}{cc|c} -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) & \begin{cases} -x_1 + x_2 = 0 \\ x_2 = s \end{cases} \\ & & & \begin{cases} -x_1 + s = 0 \\ x_1 = s \end{cases} \\ & & & (s, s)^T, \quad s \in \mathbb{R} - 0 \end{aligned}$$

Příklad 6.2

Určete všechna vlastní čísla a vlastní vektory matice

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & -3 \\ 3 & -2 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$|A - \lambda E| = 0 \quad (A - \lambda E)$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 & -3 \\ 3 & -2-\lambda & -3 \\ 1 & 1 & -2-\lambda \end{vmatrix} \begin{matrix} - \\ + \\ + \end{matrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 & -3 \\ 3 & -2-\lambda & -3 \\ -1+\lambda & 0 & 1-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = (1-\lambda) \begin{vmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 & -3 \\ 3 & -2-\lambda & -3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$(1-\lambda) \begin{vmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 & -1-\lambda \\ 3 & -2-\lambda & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (1-\lambda) \cdot (-1-\lambda) \cdot (-1)^{1+3} \begin{vmatrix} 3 & -2-\lambda \\ -1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$= (1-\lambda)(-1-\lambda)(-2-\lambda) = 0 \quad \leadsto (1-\lambda)(1+\lambda)(2+\lambda) = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 1, \quad \lambda_2 = -1, \quad \lambda_3 = -2$$

$$\lambda_1 = 1: \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -3 & | & 0 \\ 3 & -3 & -3 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -3 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} (-3) \cdot 1 \\ + \\ - \end{matrix} \begin{matrix} x_1 + x_2 - 3x_3 = 0 \\ 3x_1 - 3x_2 - 3x_3 = 0 \\ x_1 + x_2 - 3x_3 = 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$\sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -3 & | & 0 \\ 0 & -6 & 6 & | & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \begin{matrix} x_1 + x_2 - 3x_3 = 0 \\ x_2 - x_3 = 0 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} x_3 = t \\ x_2 = t \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} x_1 + t - 3t = 0 \\ x_1 = 2t \end{matrix}$$

$$(2t, t, t)^T, \quad t \in \mathbb{R} - 0$$

$$\lambda_2 = -1: \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & -3 & | & 0 \\ 3 & -1 & -3 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & | & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -3 & | & 0 \\ 3 & -1 & -3 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} -3 \\ -3 \\ -3 \end{matrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & | & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & | & 0 \\ 0 & -4 & 0 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 0 \\ x_2 = 0 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} x_2 = 0 \\ x_1 - x_3 = 0 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} x_3 = s \\ x_1 = s \end{matrix}$$

$$(s, 0, s)^T, \quad s \in \mathbb{R} - 0$$

$$\lambda_3 = -2 \quad \dots \quad (p_1 - p, p)^T, \quad p \in \mathbb{R} - 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 & -3 & | & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} - \\ + \\ - \end{matrix} \xrightarrow{\cdot 3} \begin{pmatrix} 11 & 0 & 0 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & | & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & -3 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{matrix} - \\ + \\ + \end{matrix} \sim \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & | & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & | & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 & | & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left. \begin{matrix} x_1 + x_2 = 0 \\ x_1 - x_3 = 0 \end{matrix} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{matrix} x_1 = p \\ x_2 = -x_1 = -p \\ x_3 = x_1 = p \end{matrix}$$